Additional school department information

1	Additional	district	and s	chool	accountability	z information
1.	Additional	uistrict	anu s	CHOOL	accountability	miormanon

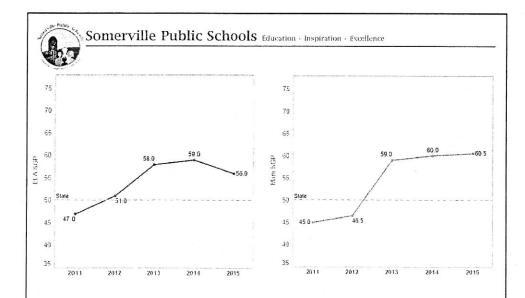
- 2. Student status report on free and reduced lunch by school and information from DESE on the National Lunch Program
- 3. Chart of district rankings by over achievement and growth. Highlighted districts (1 -29) are in the lowest 10% and could be impacted by Charter School growth
- 4. State, federal and private grants received by the Somerville Public Schools over the last 3 years
- 5. Sending district charter school FTE, tuition, and reimbursements, FY07 to present



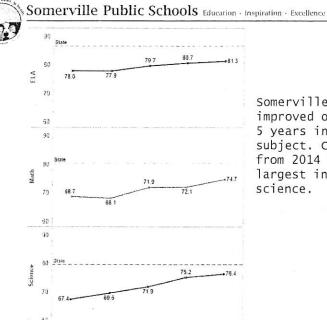
Somerville Public Schools Education - Inspiration - Excellence

Somerville District-Level Overview

- 88th Percentile for combined growth (24th out of 200 MCAS districts state-wide)
- 9 percentile for combined ELA and Math performance in 2015 (19/205)
- 9th out of 11 Urban Districts for combined ELA and Math performance in 2015
- Currently a Level 3 District based upon the performance of 1 school-level subgroup
- Somerville is the only urban district to rank among the Commonwealth's top 15% in growth.



Somerville has achieved sustained growth in math and ELA over the past three years.



Somerville's CPI has improved over the past 5 years in every MCAS subject. Change in CPI from 2014 to 2015 was largest in math and science.



Somerville Public Schools Education - Inspiration - Excellence

2013

Number of Somerville Schools with Each Accountability Designation*

	2012	201E	2014	2015
Level 1	1	2	3	4
Level 2	4	4	4	3
Level 3	3	2	1	1

Massachusetts' State System places schools on a five-level scale, ranking the highest-performing as level 1 and the lowest-performing as level 5. Somerville Public Schools continues to show improvement over the years, with more schools moving into levels 1 and 2.

^{*} Each year, the district accountability level is equivalent to that of its lowest-ranked school.



$Somerville\ Public\ Schools\ {\tt Education + Inspiration + Excellence}$

Historical School Accountability Levels

School		2013 Level		2015 Level			⁷ 2014 %-tile	2015 %-tile
Argenziano	Level 2	Level 2	Level 2	Level 2	29	39	41	53
Brown	Level 1	Level 2	Level 2	Level 1	80	80	82	89
East	Level 2	Level 2	Level 2	Level 2	21	29	40	44
Healey	Level 3	Level 3	Level 3	Level 3	32	34	43	50
Kennedy	Level 2	Level 1	Level 1	Level 1	57	61	66	75
SHS	Level 3	Level 1	Level 1	Level 1	18	28	34	38
West	Level 2	Level 2	Level 1	Level 1	24	42	61	73
Winter Hill	Level 3	Level 3	Level 2	Level 2	13	18	29	31

^{*} For each year, the district accountability level is equivalent to that of the lowest-performing school.



Somerville Public Schools Education - Inspiration - Excellence

2015 School Percentile Ranking - Growth

	ELA Percentile	teink	Math Percentile	Rank
Argenziano	45 th	30	72 nd	17
Brown	62 nd	138	96 th	14
East	68 th	19	70 th	18
Healey	28 th	39	79 th	13
Kennedy	38 th	35	55 th	26
Somerville High	100 th	1	94 th	15
West	87 th	8	96 th	4
Winter Hill	55 th	26	57 th	25

Total number of schools included: 55 Elementary/Middle; 364 Elementary (K-5); 261 High Schools

Somerville schools have some of the highest SGPs in the state.

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District: Somerville School District

All Schools

Student Status Report

27.81% 34.76% 20.61% 29.96% 80.97% 53.32% 15.86% 4.00% 40.67% 43.61% 11.32% P + N1668 146 126 143 9 217 233 203 157 69 367 306 1359 206 103 205 162 100 120 2 2 309 Д 43 37 61 41 11.26% 8.89% 10.20% %69.9 0.00% 5.52% %98.9 9.08% 6.34% 4.00% 3.77% 385 R 125 0 25 49 7 30 %29.99 39.82% 56.16% 72.87% 92.00% 59.84% 19.03% 73.05% 47.50% 84.91% 52.65% 2840 Ц 45 302 328 317 733 507 51 4893 Tota/ 359 268 453 437 584 694 360 435 25 1225 53 West Somerville School Name Capuano School Arthur D. Healey Somerville High East Somerville **Brown School** J.F. Kennedy Argenziano Next Wave Winter Hill Full Circle School#:All Grand Total: Section: School# 0005 0015 0075 0083 7800 0111 0115 0120 0410 0505 0510

34.09%

7.87%

58.04%

Office for Food and Nutrition Programs

National School Lunch Program

NSLP HEADLINES:

There are no NSLP Headlines at this time

NSLP NEWS ARCHIVES

1. What is the National School Lunch Program?

The National School Lunch Program (NSLP) is a federally assisted meal program operating in nearly 95,000 public and nonprofit private schools and residential child care institutions. It provides nutritionally balanced, low-cost or free lunches to more than 26 million children each school day. Established under the National School Lunch Act, signed by President Harry Truman in 1946, the program celebrated its 50th anniversary in 1996.

The U.S. Department of Agriculture, through its Food and Nutrition Service (formerly the Food and Consumer Service), administers the program at the Federal level. At the State level, the NSLP is usually administered by State education agencies, which operate the program through agreements with local school districts. School districts and independent schools that choose to take part in the lunch program receive cash reimbursement and donated commodity assistance from USDA for each meal they serve. In return, they must serve lunches that meet Federal nutrition requirements, and they must offer free and reduced-price lunches to eligible children.

In 1994, FNS launched the School Meals Initiative for Healthy Children to teach children the importance of making healthy food choices, and to support school food service professionals in delivering healthy school meals. Supported by legislation passed in 1994 and 1996, the initiative updated nutrition standards so that all school meals meet the recommendations of the Dietary Guidelines for Americans. New regulations implementing the initiative became final in June, 1995, and took effect at the beginning of school year 1996-97.

2. What is Community Eligibility Provisions for Universal Free Meals?

Eligible schools are able to streamline and improve school nutrition programs providing universal breakfast and lunch to all students through this provision.

3. What are the nutritional requirements for the school lunch?

School lunches must meet Federal nutrition requirements, but decisions about what specific foods to serve and how they are prepared are made by local school food authorities.

Current regulations require schools to meet the Dietary Guidelines for Americans, which recommend that no more than 30 percent of an individual's calories come from fat, and less than 10 percent from saturated fat. Regulations also establish a standard for school meals to provide one-third of the Recommended Daily Allowances of protein, Vitamin A, Vitamin C, iron, calcium, and calories.

Schools have the option to choose one of four systems for their menu planning: Nutrient Standard Menu Planning, Assisted Nutrient Standard Menu Planning, the traditional meal pattern, and the enhanced meal pattern. Both Nutrient Standard and Assisted Nutrient Standard Menu Planning systems base their planning on a computerized nutritional analysis of the week's menu. The traditional and enhanced meal pattern options base their menu planning on minimum component quantities of meat or meat alternate; vegetables and fruits; grains and breads; and milk.

USDA has made a commitment to improve the nutritional quality of all school meals. The Department works with state and local school food authorities through the Nutrition Education and Training Program and Team Nutrition initiative to teach and motivate children to make healthy food choices, and to provide school food service staff with training and technical support.

4. How does the National School Lunch Program work?

Schools in the lunch program get cash subsidies and donated commodities from the U.S. Department of Agriculture for each meal they serve. In return, they must serve lunches that meet Federal requirements, and they must offer free or reduced-price lunches to eligible children.

5. How do children qualify for free and reduced-price meals?

Any child at a participating school may purchase a meal through the National School Lunch Program. Children from families with incomes at or below 130 percent of the poverty level (currently \$21,710 for a family of four) are eligible for free meals. Those between 130 percent and 185 percent of the poverty level (currently \$30,895 for a family of four) are eligible for reduced-price meals, for which students can be charged no more than 40 cents.

Children from families with incomes over 185 percent of poverty pay a full price, though their meals are still subsidized to some extent. Local school food authorities set their own prices for full-price meals.

6. How many schools take part in the school lunch program?

Nearly 95,000 schools and residential child care institutions participate in the National School Lunch Program. Public schools or non-profit private schools of high school grade or under, and residential child care institutions are eligible.

The program is available in almost 99 percent of all public schools, and in many private schools as well. About 92 percent of all students nationwide have access to meals through the NSLP. On a typical day, about 58 percent of the school children to whom the lunch program is available participate.

7. How much reimbursement do schools get?

Most of the support USDA provides to schools in the National School Lunch Program comes in the form of a cash <u>reimbursement</u> for each meal served.

Please check our Financial Management Page for current rates.

8. What other support do schools get from USDA?

In addition to cash reimbursements, schools are entitled by law to receive commodity foods, called "entitlement" foods, at a value of 15 cents for each meal served. Schools can also get bonus" commodities as they are available from surplus stocks. Under the School Meals Initiative, USDA also provides schools with technical training and assistance to help school food service staffs prepare healthy meals, and with nutrition education to help children understand the link between diet and health.

Higher reimbursement rates are in effect for Alaska and Hawaii, and for some schools in special circumstances.

9. What types of foods do schools get from USDA?

States select entitlement foods for their schools from a list of more than 60 different kinds of food purchased by USDA and offered through the school lunch program. The list includes fresh, canned and frozen fruits and vegetables; meats; fruit juices; vegetable shortening; peanut products; vegetable oil; and flour and other grain products.

Bonus foods are offered only as they become available through agricultural surplus. The variety of both entitlement and bonus commodities schools can get from USDA depends on quantities available and market prices.

About 17 percent of the total dollar value of the food that goes on the table in school lunch programs is provided directly by <u>USDA as commodities</u>. Schools purchase the remaining 83 percent from their own vendors. As a part of its School Meals Initiative, USDA has placed special emphasis on improving the quality of commodities donated to the school lunch program, including a great increase in the amount and variety of fresh produce available to schools.

10. What foods are schools required to serve in a school lunch?

USDA does not require schools to serve -- or not serve -- any particular foods. School meals must meet Federal nutrition requirements, but decisions about what foods to serve and how they are prepared are made by local school food authorities.

Until the School Meals Initiative for Healthy Children, the Federal nutritional requirements for school meals had not changed significantly since the school lunch program began in 1946. As part of the initiative, USDA published regulations to help schools bring their meals up to date to meet the Dietary Guidelines for Americans. The Dietary Guidelines recommend that no more than 30 percent of an individual's calories come from fat, and no more than 10 percent from saturated fat.

The new regulations require schools to have met the Dietary Guidelines by school year 1996-1997, unless they received a waiver to allow an extension for up to two years. They also establish a standard for school meals to provide one-third of the Recommended Daily Allowances of protein, Vitamin A, Vitamin C, iron, calcium, and calories. Schools' compliance with both the Dietary Guidelines and the RDA's is measured over a week's menu cycle.

Schools have the option to choose one of five systems for their menu planning: NuMenus, Assisted NuMenus, traditional meal pattern, enhanced meal pattern, and other "reasonable approaches." Both the NuMenus and Assisted NuMenus systems base their planning on a computerized nutritional analysis of the week's menu. The traditional and enhanced meal pattern options base their menu planning on minimum component quantities of meat or meat alternate; vegetables and fruits; grains and breads; and milk. The fifth menu option allows schools to develop other "reasonable approaches" to meeting the Dietary Guidelines, using menu planning guidelines from USDA.

11. How many children have been served over the years?

The National School Lunch Act in 1946 created the modern school lunch program, though USDA had provided funds and food to schools for many years prior to that. In signing the 1946 act, President Harry S Truman said,

"Nothing is more important in our national life than the welfare of our children, and proper nourishment comes first in attaining this welfare."

About 7.1 million children were participating in the National School Lunch Program by the end of its first year, 1946-47. By 1970, 22 million children were participating, and by 1980 the figure was nearly 27 million. In 1990, an average of 24 million children ate school lunch every day. In Fiscal Year 2011, more than 31.8 million children each day got their lunch through the National School Lunch Program. Since the modern program began, more than 224 billion lunches have been served.

For more information please visit the National School Lunch Program website.

USDA Nondiscrimination Statement (English)

USDA Nondiscrimination Statement (Spanish)

Civil Rights Complaint Form / USDA Program Discrimination Complaint Form

Massachusetts Department of Elementary & Secondary Education

Overall Rank		Overall Achievement	Overall Growth
(1 to 292)	District	Rank out of 292	Rank out of 292
. 1	Springfield	2	7
2	Chelsea	4	3
3	Southbridge	3	8
4	Webster	6	4
5	New Bedford	7	10
6	Holyoke	1	47
7	Gardner	18	5
7	Adams-Cheshire	19	2
9	Athol-Royalston	12	26
10	North Adams	23	9
11	Winchendon	21	20
12	Lynn	16	47
13	Greenfield	27	19
14	Wareham	28	18
15	Salem	20	43
16	Orange	22	43
17	Boston	9	85
18	Florida	38	1
19	Randolph	15	78
20	Spencer-E Brookfield	34	23
21	Taunton	37	17
22	Fall River	10	103
23	Lowell	13	96
24	Palmer	40	16
25	Chicopee	29	50
26	Methuen	24	68
27	Dennis-Yarmouth	35	40
28	Everett	17	95
29	Ware	26	73
30	Clarksburg	44	21
31	Clinton	33	55
32	Hawlemont	30	66
33	Pittsfield	42	37
34	Worcester	14	122
35	Westfield	45	34
36	Fitchburg	11	141
37	Berkley	47	39
38	Easthampton	41	60
39	Haverhill	25	111
39	North Brookfield	43	57
41	Northbridge	46	49
42	Peabody	56	22
		31	102
43	Marlborough	5	182
	Lawrence	48	53
44	Middleborough	53	46
46	Maynard	65	14
47	Saugus	54	51
48	Leominster	52	58
49	Gateway		191
50	Brockton	8	
51	Leicester	68	13 104

Overall Rank		Overall Achievement	Overall Growth
(1 to 292)	District	Rank out of 292	Rank out of 292
53	Dracut	57	52
54	Weymouth	73	12
55	Mashpee	71	31
56	Monson	59	75
57	Carver	64	63
58	Bourne	79	34
59	Hudson	72	56
60	West Springfield	74	62
61	Ludlow	66	88
61	Barnstable	86	28
63	Oxford	61	107
64	Agawam	88	27
65	Nantucket	50	149
66	Medford	55	135
66	Abington	62	114
68	Quaboag Regional	80	69
68	Southwick-Tolland-Granville Regional School Di	98	15
70	Malden	32	222
71	Ayer Shirley School District	82	88
72	Berlin	101	36
73	Winthrop	63	155
73	Whitman-Hanson	105	29
75	Gloucester	67	144
76	Holbrook	75	123
77	Gill-Montague	48	212
78	Ralph C Mahar	77	126
79	Woburn	99	61
80	Hull	102	54
81	Revere	60	183
81	Acushnet	81	120
83	Blackstone-Millville	94	82
84	Uxbridge	91	94
85	Provincetown	69	164
86	Frontier	117	24
87	Somerville	36	269
88	Westport	87	118
88	Mohawk Trail	99	82
90	Framingham	58	206
91	Danvers	114	42
92	Watertown	84	138
	Douglas	95	110
94	Pioneer Valley	83	152
	Plymouth	112	65
96	Narragansett	78	169
	Farmington River Reg	51	253
	Fairhaven	122	40
	Stoughton	97	129
	Northampton	90	154
	Billerica	93	145
	Sutton	119	72
	Quincy	85	175
	Monomoy Regional School District	109	104

State, Federal and Private Grants FY2016

GRANT NAME	LOCATION	GRANT DESCRIPTION	FUNDING	AMOUNT FY2014	AMOUNT FY2015	AMOUNT FY2016
State PK-12 Grants						
Academic Support Services	SHS	MCAS Support	DESE- State	36,000	23,200	8,000
Alternative Education: Support for At-risk Students	District Wide	Graduation Support	DESE- State	21,000	20,000	20,000
Big Yellow School Bus	District Wide	Enrichment	MCC	008	1,000	1,000
Collaborative Partnerships for Student Success	SHS	MCAS Support	DESE- State	15,848	1,669	pending
Collaborative Partnerships for Student Success-Summer	SHS	Academic Support	DESE- State	33,752	34,152	pending
Coordinating Family and Community Engagement	Early Childhood	Day Care for Children	EEC-State	284,100	247,100	247,100
Literacy Professional Development Partnership	District Wide	Literacy Training	DESE- State	22,553	27,958	
Kindergarten Enhancement Program	District Wide	Enhance Kindergartens	DESE- State	210,859	160,000	160,090
Massachusetts Cultural Council	District Wide	Artist-in-Residence	MCC	7,000	10,000	10,000
Massachusetts Cultural Council	District Wide	Serhacer El Sistema	MCC		5,000	15,000
School Year Support - Summer - DSAG	District Wide	Professional Development	DESE- State	15,330	3,152	3,152
Summer Academic Support Servcies	Full Circle	MCAS Support	DESE- State	7,400	5,800	20,300
Support for Underperforming Districts	District Wide	Professional Development	DESE- State	9,156	ı	1
Vocational Equipment Grant	SHS	Equipment	DESE- State	•	25,000	
Total State PK-12 Grants				663,798	564,031	484,642
Federal PK-12 Grants						
Adolescent Health and Student Success	District Wide	Professional Development	DESE - Fed	1,500	5,000	5,100
Early Learning Challenge Grant	Early Childhood	Program Development	DESE - Fed	19,960	74,301	1
Pre-School Expansion and Planning Grant	Early Childhood	Community Development	EEC-Fed			40,000
Early Childhood Sped Program Improvement	Early Childhood	Staff Development	DESE - Fed	4,750	7,009	3,500
Innovation School Planning	WHCIS	Program Development	DESE - Fed	30,000	6	t
Mass Grad Planning and Implementation	SHS/FC	High School Graduation	DESE - Fed	61,250	61,250	
McKinney-Vento Grant	District Wide	Support for Homeless students	DESE - Fed		10,000	,
Perkins Occ Ed-Vocational Skills	SHS	Upgrade Voc. Ed.	DESE - Fed	76,531	698'62	77,628
Race to the Top	District Wide	Effective Teaching	DESE - Fed	351,838	•	
SPED 94-142 Allocation	Special Needs	Supplement local SPED	DESE - Fed	1,543,719	1,551,001	1,511,588
SPED Early Childhood Allocation	Special Needs	Early Childhood Program	EEC-Fed	58,572	60,108	800'09
SPED Program Improvement	Special Needs	SPED Prof Dev	DESE - Fed	21,165	39,016	t
Fresh Fruits and Vegetables	Foodservice	Health and Nutrition	DESE - Fed	88,920	89,705	90,882
Title I Distribution Main Grant		PK, Reading, Math, ELL, Private DESE - Fed	DESE - Fed	1,124,893	1,215,514	1,260,466
Title I - School Support	District Wide	Staff Development	DESE - Fed	46,684	1	
Title IIA Teacher Quality	District Wide	Dec. class size/ Prof Dev.	DESE - Fed	498,994	493,497	496,913
Title III Limited English Support		Language Acquisition	DESE - Fed	128,492	142,951	148,883
Limited English Program Summer	ELL	Language Acquisition	DESE - Fed	842	5,911	6,057
Farm to School		Health and Nutrition	Fed-Direct			100,000
PEP	District Wide	Physical Fitness	Fed-Direct	204,518	613,554	242,508
Total Federal Grants				4,322,628	4,448,686	4,043,533

State, Federal and Private Grants FY2016

Massachusetts Department of Elementary and Secondary Education

SCHOOL FINANCE

Summary of Historical Sending District Charter School FTE, Tuition, and Reimbursements , FY96 to present*

Select your district using the drop down menu:

FTE 310.36 328.70 36 Tuition 3,849,047 4,103,453 4,67							ところ 日間なる事です。またことと	こうできる はないない
3,849,047 4,103,453	366.05	365.61	445.77	447.91	455.56	466.88	479.43	476.00
	1,676,423	4,813,921	6,039,861	5,883,326	6,029,631	6.733.199	7.364.800	7.550.268
Facilities Aid 253,522 277.372 37	375,994	324 686	391 807	710 700				007/000/
754 967	670 053	545 500	1 151 042	117,166	756,086	409,854	477,658	424,640
200,450	206,010	545,539	1,451,847	359,558	417,541	990,154	595,335	173,511
794,505 832,339	,204,956	870,285	1,843,649	756,775	814,493	1,400,008	1.017.993	598.151

* To view all fiscal years unhide columns D through N.